



Oil & Gas  
Authority

# UK net zero scenarios & offshore

---

## UKCS Technology Managers Network meeting

Carlo Procaccini

10<sup>th</sup> June, 2021

© OGA 2021

This presentation is for illustrative purposes only. The OGA makes no representations or warranties, express or implied, regarding the quality, completeness or accuracy of the information contained herein. All and any such responsibility and liability is expressly disclaimed. The OGA does not provide endorsements or investment recommendations. Oil and Gas Authority is a limited company registered in England and Wales with registered number 09666504 and VAT registered number 249433979. Our registered office is at 21 Bloomsbury Street, London, United Kingdom, WC1B 3HF

## UK net zero by 2050

- Government agenda
- What needs to happen
- Deployment ramp-up (where, when)

## Technologies

- Offshore electrification
  - O&G emission abatement – licence to operate
  - Long-term strategic play: Synergies with windpower and transmission infrastructure
- Carbon Capture and Storage
  - UKCS subsurface storage opportunity, offshore infrastructure and industry capability
  - Regional development roadmaps
- Hydrogen
  - Blue - valuable option to related with natural gas supply, and O&G repurposing, leveraging cost competitive CCS
  - Green - much needed, emerging solution to ‘transport’, ‘store’ and ‘utilise’ the fast growing offshore windpower
  - Infrastructure and market development

# Government agenda

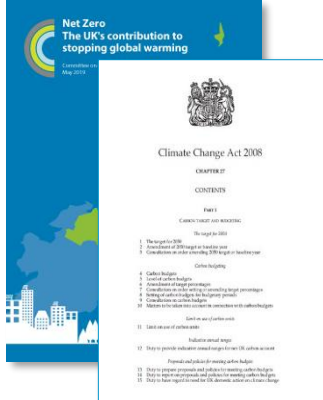


Oil & Gas Authority

2018-19

## Targets

### Net Zero by 2050 (2019)



## Strategies

### UK Clean Growth Strategy



### Carbon capture and storage

- Business model consultation
- O&G infrastructure reuse

### Offshore wind power

- Sector Deal - 30 GW by 2030, 75 GW by 2050

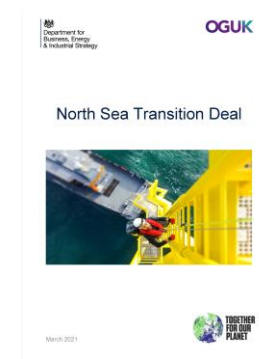
### Hydrogen economy

- Hydrogen supply competition
- Industrial fuel switching

## Support

- Industrial cluster decarbonisation challenge
- Hydrogen competition funds
- RIOO-2 Network Innovation Competition (NIC)
- Other InnovateUK programmes
- SG Energy Transition Fund

2020



- Offshore windpower Round 4 (10GW)
- Scotwind leasing (10GW) underpinned by Scottish Sectoral Marine Plan (2020)
- **Raised overall windpower target to 40GW by 2030**
- **Of which 1GW floating**
- CCS Clustering sequencing plan published
- **Commitment to CCS infrastructure fund £1bn**
- Ofgem strategic infrastructure development to support Net zero (electricity, gas, network)
- **Local content targets**

2021+

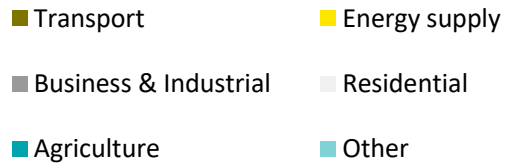
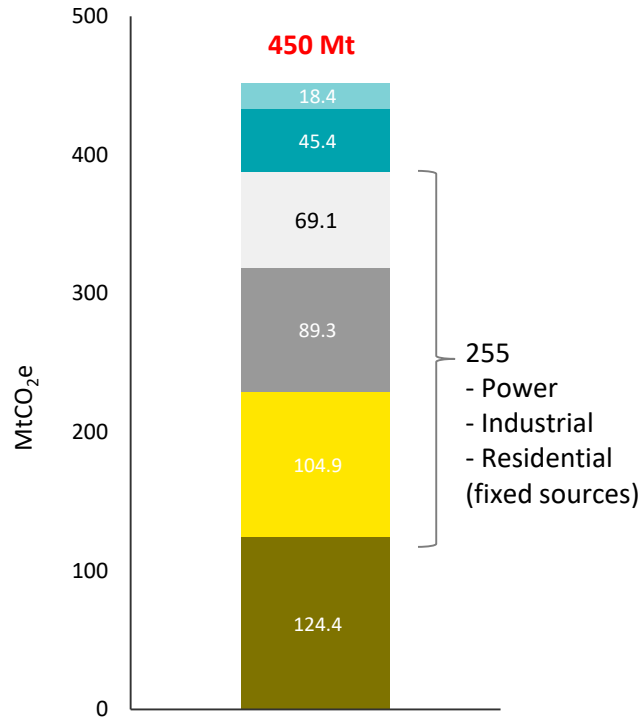
## Further acceleration

- North Sea Transition Deal
- CCS licenses ramping up (OGA)
- CCS business models – implementation
- Carbon budget 6 will accelerate ramp up (expected)
- SG Marine Plan-OW for O&G decarbonisation (expected)

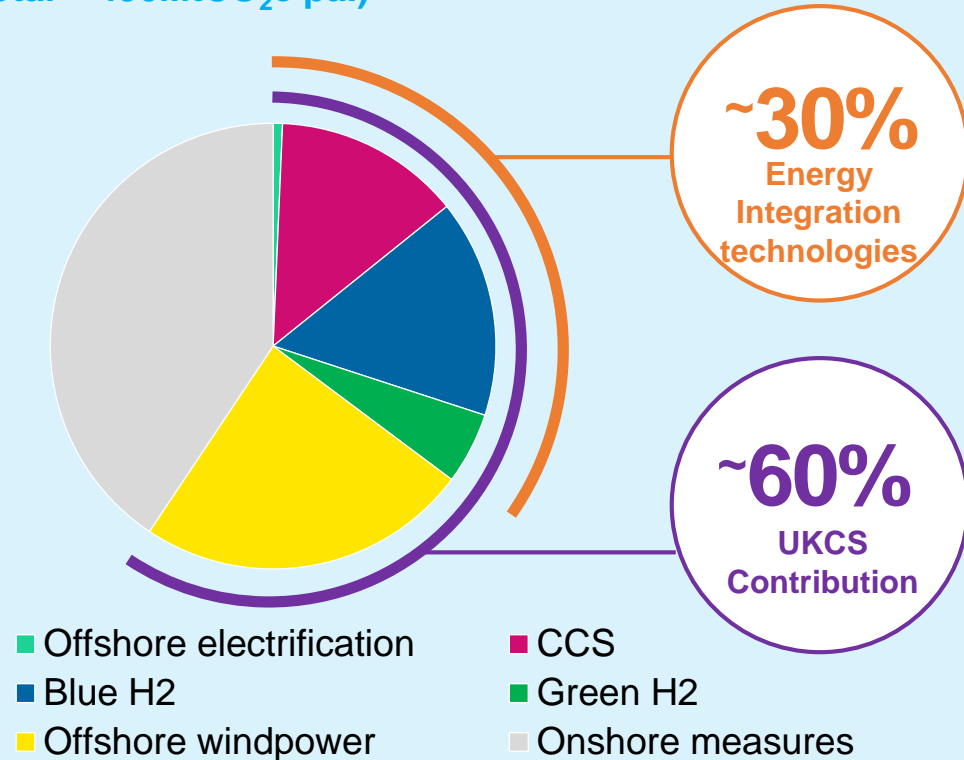
# UK net zero by 2050



Oil & Gas Authority



2050 net zero emission abatement from 2018 baseline  
(Total = 450MtCO<sub>2</sub>e pa.)



Why do we need a mix of 'net zero' sources?

- CCS
- Renewables
- Blue hydrogen
- Green hydrogen

# Opportunities will be regional



Oil & Gas Authority

## Northern Scotland and Islands

- Electrification of new O&G developments
- Blue H<sub>2</sub> and CCS
- Windpower expansion and Green H<sub>2</sub>
- Leveraging O&G terminals and other infrastructure

## Central Belt of Scotland

- Carbon capture from industrial cluster and transport to storage facilities
- Blue H<sub>2</sub> production from natural gas

## East Irish Sea

- Carbon capture from industrial cluster and transport to storage facilities
- Blue H<sub>2</sub> production from natural gas
- O&G and windpower synergies, including Green H<sub>2</sub>

## Moray Firth & North East Scotland:

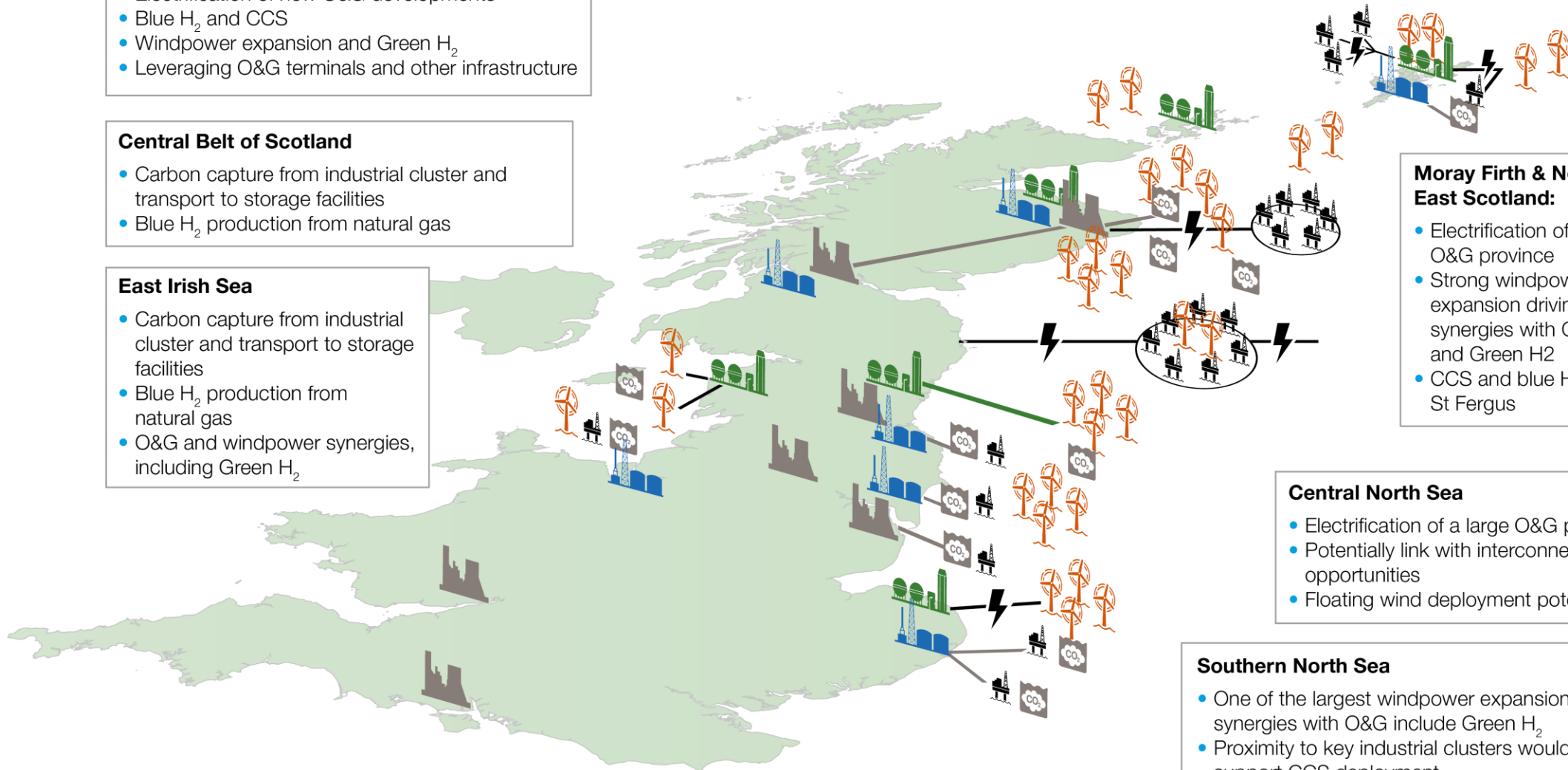
- Electrification of a large O&G province
- Strong windpower expansion driving synergies with O&G and Green H<sub>2</sub>
- CCS and blue H<sub>2</sub> at St Fergus

## Central North Sea

- Electrification of a large O&G province
- Potentially link with interconnector opportunities
- Floating wind deployment potential

## Southern North Sea

- One of the largest windpower expansion areas, synergies with O&G include Green H<sub>2</sub>
- Proximity to key industrial clusters would support CCS deployment
- UK natural gas production and imports would support Blue H<sub>2</sub>



# Phased ramp up



Oil & Gas Authority

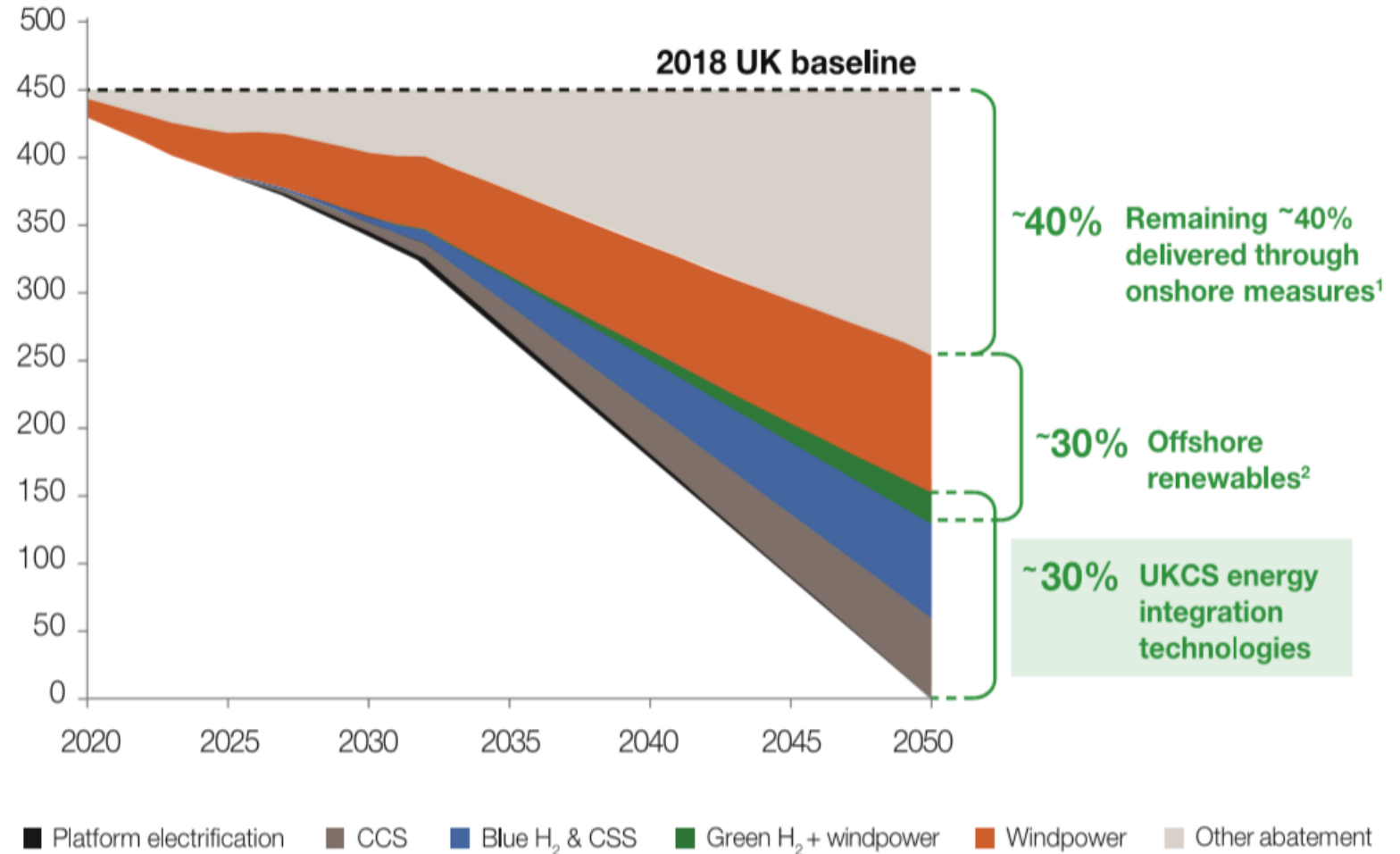
Offshore technologies will be key for UK net zero transition:

- O&G electrification
- CO<sub>2</sub> storage
- Windpower
- Hydrogen

Integrated developments to capture full benefits

Critical timeline to leverage O&G industry potential

UKCS potential contribution to net zero target



# Scenario: Three time scales



Oil & Gas Authority

## 2020's

- **Offshore decarbonisation**
- **Leverage O&G industry capabilities**
- **Pilot new concepts (CCS, H2)**

## 2030's

- **Establish CO2 and H2 infrastructure**
- **CCS and blue hydrogen to scale**
- **Green H2 commercial pilots**

## 2040+

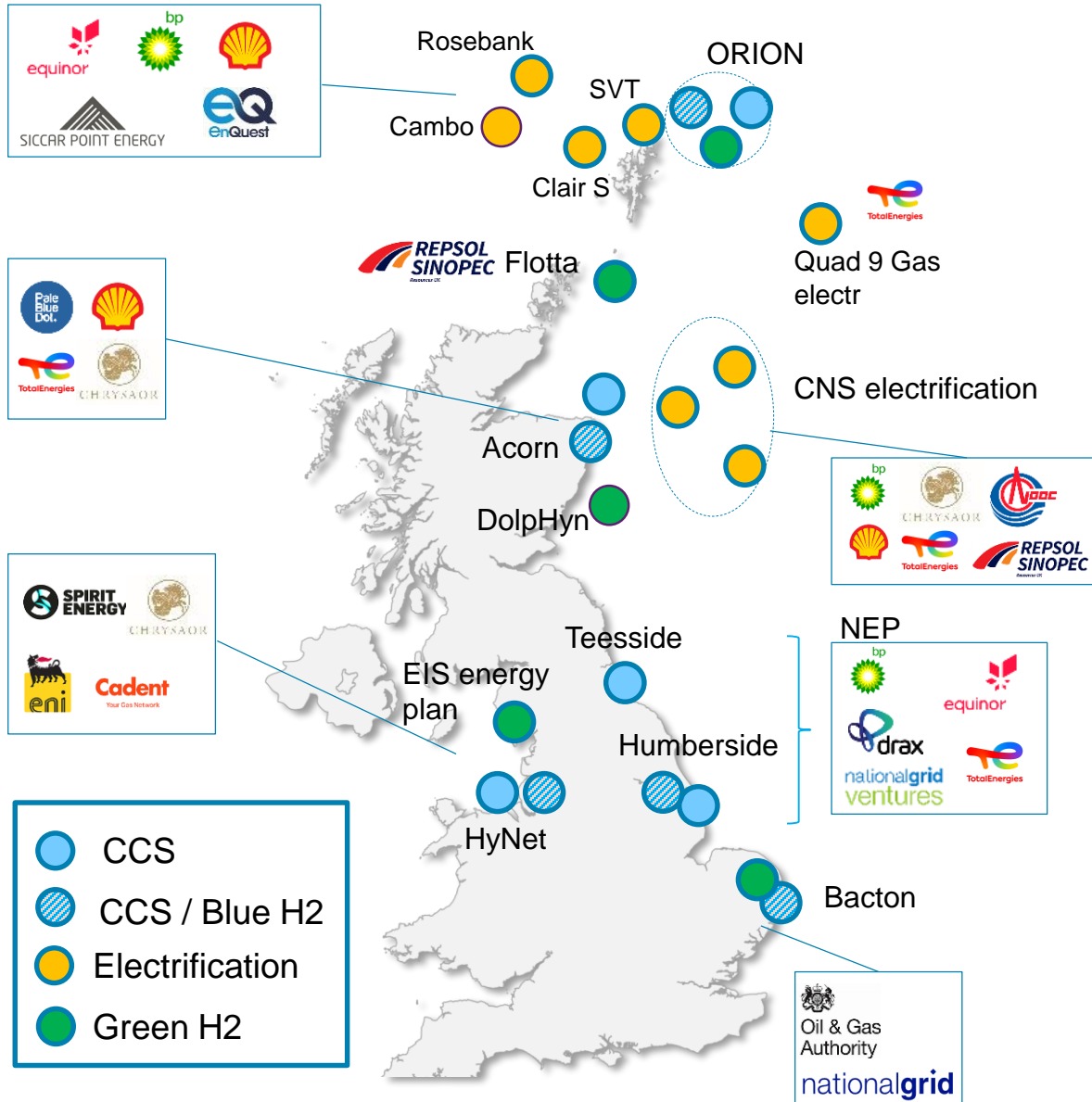
- **Strong offshore renewables expansions**
- **Floating windpower becomes mature**
- **Green hydrogen to scale**
- **H2 export starts**



# Accelerating early projects is critical



Oil & Gas Authority



## Vision & potential pathways

2025	2030
<b>Offshore Electrification</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>&gt;1 electrification scheme from windfarms operational in CNS</li> <li>&gt;2 greenfield electrifications (shore/wind) sanctioned in WoS</li> </ul>	
<b>Carbon Capture &amp; Storage</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>CCS first injection at &gt;2 pilots</li> <li>&gt;2MtCO<sub>2</sub> pa injected</li> <li>Commercial roll-out sanctioned at &gt;4 industrial clusters</li> </ul>	
<b>Energy Hubs</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>&gt;2 Blue Hydrogen pilots operational</li> <li>2 more net zero Hubs identified with Blue / Green H<sub>2</sub> plans</li> </ul>	
<b>20MtCO<sub>2</sub> abatement and £20bn Capex by 2030</b> <b>Supports delivery of UKCS net zero potential by 2050</b>	